

FELIX MENDELSSOHN

Born February 3, 1809, Hamburg, Germany Died November 4, 1847, Leipzig, Germany

Octet in E-flat major, op. 20

Oh, to have met Felix Mendelssohn as a teenager...

"He had the appearance of an angel," said one writer; "almost supernatural beauty," said another. He was already a complete musician: a skilled improvisor, sight-reader, and composer. His intellectual dexterity dazzled all. And he was a talented visual artist.

Mendelssohn was no flash-in-the-pan. He carried his 15-year-old self with the bearing and maturity of a much older person, and his music already has the fingerprints of the mature Mendelssohn: charm, skill, beauty, emotional directness.

When he wrote the Octet, his family had recently moved to a large house in the countryside. They squeezed large audiences for weekly concerts. Mendelssohn played violin, viola, and piano, learning how to write for ensemble by experiencing it from the inside.

There is almost no precedent for the Octet's instrumentation, double string quartet. Anticipating confusion, Mendelssohn wrote in a note, "This Octet must be played by all the instruments in symphonic orchestral style. Pianos and fortes must be strongly emphasized."

The Octet hovers somewhere between the chamber parlor and the orchestral hall. It pushes all eight players to ensemble virtuosity, but its challenges for the first violin make it occasionally feel like a violin concerto.

The shortest movement is also its most evocative, a Scherzo inspired by a stanza from Faust by his mentor, Johann Wolfgang von Goethe:

The flight of the clouds and the veil of mist

Are lighted from above.

A breeze in the leaves, a wind in the reeds,

And all has vanished.

First public performance: January 30, 1836, at the Leipzig Gewandhaus First SLSO performance: January 18, 1951, Vladimir Golschmann conducting

Most recent SLSO performance: May 3, 1982, Jacques Israelievitch, Jenny Jones, Brent Akins, Deborah Bloom, violins; Thomas Dumm and Katy Mattis, violas; and John Sant'Ambrogio and Savely Schuster, cellos

Scoring: String octet (4 violins, 2 violas, 2 cellos) **Performance time:** Approximately 33 minutes

Tim Munro is the St. Louis Sumphony Orchestra's Creative Partner. A writer. broadcaster, and Grammu-winning flutist, he lives in Chicago with his wife, son, and badlu-behaved orange cat.



Xiaoxiao Qiang, violin Jessica Cheng, violin Andrea Jarrett, violin Asako Kuboki, violin Jonathan Chu, viola Andrew François, viola Jennifer Humphreys, cello Alvin McCall, cello

Saturday, October 31, 2020 at 11:00am Sunday, November 8, 2020 at 3:00pm

JESSIE MONTGOMERY Strum (2006, rev. 2012)

(b. 1981)

Xiaoxiao Qiana, violin Andrea Jarrett, violin Jonathan Chu, viola Jennifer Humphreys, cello

GABIELA LENA FRANK

(b. 1972)

Leyendas: An Andean Walkabout

(selections) (2001) Chasqui Toyos Coqueteos

> Jessica Cheng, violin Asako Kuboki, violin Andrew François, viola Alvin McCall, cello

MENDELSSOHN

(1809-1847)

Octet in E-flat major, op. 20 (1825)

Allegro moderato ma con fuoco

Andante

Scherzo-Allegro legierissimo

Presto

Xiaoxiao Qiana, violin Jessica Cheng, violin Asako Kuboki, violin Andrea Jarrett, violin Jonathan Chu, viola Andrew Francois, viola Jennifer Humphreys, cello Alvin McCall, cello

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Program Notes

By Tim Munro

You have taken your seats. Now, look to your left and right: empty seats. It is strange, certainly. But perhaps in this strangeness there is an opportunity.

When musicians gather together, without an audience, their music-making takes on a different quality. Laughter fills the room, and the playing loosens, becomes wilder. What if Covid-times allow us a glimpse into a private world, capturing the free-wheeling spirit of a private jam session?

Jessie Montgomery's *Strum* and Gabriela Lena Frank's *Leyendas* both dance with abandon. And Felix Mendelssohn's Octet provides a feast among friends, a chance to gather with joy.



JESSIE MONTGOMERY Born 1981, New York, New York

Strum

Montgomery is a violinist and composer whose music is heard across the country. She is a member of the Catalyst Quartet and plays with the Silk Road Ensemble and Sphinx Virtuosi. Recent works include a nonet inspired by the Great Migration, and a reimagining of Scott Joplin's opera *Treemonisha*.

"I've always been interested in trying to find the intersection between different types of music," she has said. "I imagine that music is a meeting place at which all people can converse about their unique differences and common stories."

Strum is a celebration of "American folk idioms and the spirit of dance and movement," writes Montgomery. Its title refers to the guitar-like plucking of the strings that plays many roles: floating hum, earthy groove, rapturous thrum.

"The piece begins with fleeting nostalgia." Melodies weave in, over, and between layers of strumming. Several minutes in, there is a shift in gears. The music shifts, "transforming into eestatic celebration."

First performance: April 2006 in Ann Arbor, Michigan, by the Providence String Quartet

First SLSO performance: These concerts

Scoring: String quartet

Performance time: Approximately 8 minutes



GABRIELA LENA FRANK

Born September 26, 1972, Berkeley, California

Leyendas: An Andean Walkabout

"There's usually a story line behind my music; a scenario or character," writes composer and pianist Gabriela Lena Frank. Her musical tales are often inspired by her mother's Peruvian heritage, and Frank's own extensive travels across South America.

Frank is currently Composer-in-Residence with the Philadelphia Orchestra and was named one of the most significant women composers in history by the *Washington Post*. She has written works that tell the story of the Spanish conquest of South America, the folk tale of *La Llorona* ("The Weeping Woman"), and the musical traditions of *El Día de los Muertos* ("the Day of the Dead").

Leyendas is a musical celebration of diversity. The term mestizaje refers to the cultural and ethnic melting pot in Latin America in Central and South America's. In Leyendas, Frank imagines a place "where cultures can coexist without the subjugation of one by the other," where western classical music and Andean musical traditions speak to one another as equals.

Three of *Leyendas*'s six movements will be performed in this concert. Although the work is written for a traditional string quartet, Frank evokes the sound of traditional Peruvian instruments, as she details in her descriptions:

"Chasqui" depicts a legendary figure from the Inca period, the chasqui runner, who sprinted great distances to deliver messages between towns separated from one another by the Andean peaks. The chasqui needed to travel light. [So I have chosen] the charango, a high-pitched cousin of the guitar, and the lightweight bamboo quena flute, both of which are featured in this movement.

"Toyos" depicts one of the most recognizable instruments of the Andes, the panpipe. One of the largest kinds is the breathy toyo which requires great stamina and lung power, and is often played in parallel fourths or fifths.

"Coqueteos" is a flirtatious love song sung by gallant men known as romanceros. As such, it is direct in its harmonic expression, bold, and festive. The romanceros sing in harmony with one another against a backdrop of guitars which I think of as a vendaval de guitarras ("storm of guitars").

First performance: July 27, 2001, South Hadley, Massachusetts, by the Chiara Quartet

First SLSO performance: These concerts

Scoring: String quartet

Performance time: Approximately 24 minutes